

PHILADELPHIA UNIVERSITY  
DEPARTMENT OF BASIC SCIENCES

Exam 2

Number Theory

12–12–2007

Each problem is worth 4 points. Solutions must be complete to receive full credit.

1. Illustrate the Successive Squaring algorithm to compute

$$2^{146} \pmod{49}$$

2. Compute with the help of Wilson's theorem:

$$38! \pmod{41}$$

Note that 41 is prime.

3. Solve the following system of three congruences:

$$\begin{aligned}x &\equiv 3 \pmod{4} \\x &\equiv 5 \pmod{9} \\x &\equiv 7 \pmod{11}\end{aligned}$$

4. Find all the solutions for  $x$  such that

$$x^{29} \equiv 88 \pmod{91}$$

Note that  $91 = 7 \times 13$ .

5. Prove that if  $\gcd(a, 55) = 1$  then

$$a^{20} \equiv 1 \pmod{55}$$

Hint: you will need the Chinese remainder theorem and Fermat's little theorem.